

Hebrews 7: The Need for a New Priesthood

1. Who was Melchizedek (bcv). In what two capacities did he function similarly to Christ?
2. When Abraham met him, what did Abraham give him?
3. In what way was Melchizedek without father or mother and without genealogy?
4. How does the writer establish that Melchizedek was greater than Abraham?
5. In what sense did the Levites, who received tithes, pay tithes to Melchizedek?
6. Why was there a need for a new priesthood?
7. If the priesthood changed, what else, of necessity had to be changed?
8. If Jesus were to be a priest what had to change? What principle is illustrated in vs.14?
9. Why was the former commandment annulled? (18-19) [cf. Rom. 8:3; Gal.3:21, 23-25]
10. What is the better covenant of verse 22? See Heb.8 and Eph.2:11f.
11. Why were the priests under the Law of Moses unable to continue?
12. How is Jesus different from those priests?
13. Define "intercession" (25).
14. How is Jesus, our high priest, described in vs. 26?
15. How often did the priests under the Law of Moses offer sacrifices, what was the sacrifice?
16. How does this differ from the new priesthood. (27) once for all