

2 Corinthians 1

1. To whom is this letter addressed?
2. What description is given of God in v. 3?
3. How did God comfort Paul, according to 2 Corinthians 7:5-7?
4. Is there a “good side” to suffering and affliction, according to vv. 3-7?
5. How serious was the trouble Paul and his companions experienced in Asia? (vv. 8-9).
6. What purpose did all this trouble serve, according to v. 9?
7. What did God do for them in this situation?
8. What help were the Corinthians in this situation?’ (v. 11).
9. How should we conduct ourselves in this world, according to v. 12?
10. What had been Paul’s plans in regard to visiting Corinth? (vv. 15-16).
11. What did Paul want them to understand about a change in these plans? (vv. 17-18).
12. What seems to have been the reason behind this change of plans? (v. 23).
13. What statement is made in v. 20 about the promises of God?
14. What has God given us “in our hearts” and for what reason?
15. “For by _____ you stand.”

2 Corinthians 2

1. According to v. 1, what had Paul determined within himself?
2. With what kind of feelings had Paul written before? (v. 4).
3. What instruction is given about one who had been punished? (vv. 6-8).
4. What could happen to someone whom we failed to forgive? (v. 7).
5. According to v. 9, how complete should our obedience be?
6. Of what are we not ignorant?
7. What was opened to Paul in Troas? Why then did he leave Troas?
8. For what does Paul give thanks to God?
9. In preaching the gospel, we are "diffusing the fragrance of His knowledge." But is it the same "aroma" to everyone?
10. In v. 17, how does Paul contrast his preaching with that of others?

2 Corinthians 3

Note: To better understand this chapter, it would be helpful to also read Exodus 34:29-35.

1. What description is given of these brethren in vv. 2-3?
2. Back in 2:16, this question was asked: "Who is sufficient for these things?" How is that answered in 3:4-6?
3. The new covenant is "not of the letter, but of the _____."
4. Which covenant is referred to as the "ministry of death" and the "ministry of condemnation"?
5. Which of the two covenants is "much more glorious"?
6. According to v. 12, what type of "speech" did Paul and others use?
7. According to v. 13, why did Moses "put a veil over his face"?
8. The "veil is taken away in _____."
9. "Where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is _____."
10. What are we "beholding" and into what are we being "transformed"?

2 Corinthians 4

1. What was it that kept Paul from losing heart, according to v. 1?
2. What had Paul and his companions “renounced”?
3. Why was the gospel “veiled” to some people? (vv. 3-4).
4. What did Paul preach, and what did he not preach?
5. What is the “treasure” mentioned in v. 7? Who are the “earthen vessels” mentioned in the same verse?
6. *Why* is “this treasure in earthen vessels”?
7. What purpose did Paul’s many afflictions serve, according to vv. 10-12?
8. Describe the “spirit of faith” which Paul and others possessed.
9. While the outward man is perishing, what is happening to the inner man?
10. How does Paul describe his “affliction”? How long would it last?
11. “The things which are seen are _____, but the things which are not seen are _____.”

2 Corinthians 5

1. Verse 1 mentions an “earthly house” or “tent.” Explain what is meant by this term.
2. If this earthly house is destroyed or dissolved, what do we have?
3. According to vv. 2-4, what should we be “earnestly desiring” or longing for?
4. According to v. 5, for what reason have we been given the Spirit?
5. “While we are at _____ in the body, we are _____ from the Lord.”
6. “For we walk by _____, not by _____.”
7. According to vv. 9-10, why should we “make it our aim... to be well-pleasing to Him”?
8. What was it that Paul knew that caused him to “persuade men”?
9. For what purpose did Christ die, according to v. 15?
10. What is said of someone who is “in Christ”? (v. 17).
11. Give a definition for the word “reconciliation.”
12. T F According to v. 21, Christ was guilty of sin.

2 Corinthians 6

1. Explain how the grace of God can be received “in vain.”
2. When is the “day of salvation”?
3. According to v. 3, why was Paul careful to “give no offense in anything”?
4. In vv. 4-5 Paul mentions some trials he faced in his ministry. Using 2 Corinthians 11:23-28, can you add to the list?
5. Explain how Paul could be “sorrowful, yet always rejoicing” (v. 10).
6. Explain how Paul was “making many rich” (v. 10).
7. How are Paul’s feelings for the Corinthians expressed in v. 11?
8. What does he want from them in return, according to v. 13? See also 7:2.
9. What commandment is given in v. 14? Does this mean we can have nothing to do with unbelievers?
10. How are these brethren described in v. 16?
11. What promises are given to those who separate themselves from uncleanness? (vv. 16-18).
12. With promises like these, how should we conduct ourselves? (7:1).

2 Corinthians 7

1. According to v. 2. what were some things Paul had not done to anyone?
2. How strong were Paul's feelings for these brethren, according to 3?
3. Looking at vv. 4-7 together, why was Paul "filled with comfort" and "exceedingly joyful"?
4. What two types of sorrow are mentioned in v. 10?
5. What does "godly sorrow" produce, according to v. 10?
6. What were some specific things it had produced in these brethren, according to v. 11?
7. For what reason had Paul written to these brethren? (v. 12).
8. What had these brethren done for the "spirit" of Titus?
9. Why were Titus' affections for these brethren greater?
10. What reason does Paul have to rejoice, according to v. 16?

2 Corinthians 8

1. Chapters 8 and 9 both speak of a collection being made for saints (8:4; 9:1, 12). Where were these needy saints located? (1 Cor. 16:1-3).
2. The churches of _____ are mentioned as a great example of liberal giving (vv. 1-5).
3. What seems to have been the key to their generosity? (v. 5).
4. In what things did the brethren at Corinth “abound”? In what else did they need to abound? (v. 7).
5. What did these brethren at Corinth have an opportunity to prove? (vv. 8, 24).
6. Who else is mentioned as an example of sacrificial giving? (v. 9).
7. The church at Corinth had *begun* this great work, but what did they need to do now? (vv. 10-11).
8. What does there need to be first, according to v. 12?
9. “I do not mean that others should be _____ and you _____.”
10. Why were Titus and other brethren being sent to Corinth? (vv. 6, 16-24; 9:1-5).
11. What could be avoided by having others to travel with Paul as he carried this gift? (vv. 20-21).
12. How does Paul describe Titus in v. 23?

2 Corinthians 9

1. According to v. 2, what had their zeal done for others?
2. Why was Paul sending brethren to them ahead of time?
3. What does v. 5 teach about the proper motive in giving?
4. He who sows _____ will also reap _____ and he who sows _____ will also reap _____."
5. How should we give, according to v. 7?
6. Whom does God love?
7. According to v. 8, why does God "make all grace abound toward" us?
8. What is God able to "multiply" or "increase"? (v. 10).
9. According to v. 12, what two results will there be from this collection?
10. Why will "they glorify God"? (v. 13).
11. In v. 15 thanks is given to God for "His indescribable gift." What gift is meant?
12. Give verses in this chapter to prove the following statement: We should give liberally.

2 Corinthians 10

1. In what manner was Paul pleading with (or beseeching) these brethren? (v. 1).
2. How did some think of Paul and his companions? (v. 2).
3. Finish this statement: "For though we walk in the flesh, we do not..."
4. What type of weapons do we not use in our battles? What type of weapons do we use?
5. According to vv. 4-6, what are these weapons capable of doing?
6. In v. 7, this question is asked, "Do you look at things according to the outward appearance"? Is that the right way of looking at things? If not, how should we look?
7. For what reason was Paul given authority? (v. 8).
8. What did some say about Paul's "letters, speech," and "bodily presence"?
9. What very unreliable standard of measurement was used by some?
10. Using vv. 13-16, what were some things in which Paul would not boast?
11. "He who glories, let him glory in the _____."
12. Verse 12 mentions some who commended themselves. Whose commendation should we really be seeking?

2 Corinthians 11

1. The chapter begins with this statement: "Oh, that you would bear with me in a little folly..." What folly does he speak of? See 11:16-21.
2. Paul wanted to present these brethren as a _____ to Christ."
3. What was Paul's fear concerning these brethren?
4. According to v. 6, which is more important, style or substance?
5. In vv. 7-9 Paul indicates that he did not request financial support from the Corinthians when he first worked among them. From whom did he receive support?
6. In v. 13 Paul speaks of some who transformed themselves into apostles of Christ. But in what way were they more like apostles of Satan?
7. What will be the "end" of these false apostles, according to v. 15?
8. Explain Paul's statement in v. 17, "I speak not according to the Lord." Does this mean Paul was not an inspired apostle? Or, is he referring to a particular matter in which he does not speak according to the Lord?
9. What had these brethren "put up with," according to vv. 19-20?
10. In vv. 23-28 Paul mentions various sufferings he faced as an apostle of Christ. But what was it that he faced "daily"?
11. In what does Paul now plan to boast, according to v. 30?
12. What happened to Paul in Damascus?

2 Corinthians 12

1. Who is the man described in vv. 2-4? Is it Paul himself or someone else?
2. According to v. 6, why does Paul refrain from boasting in this matter?
3. Why was Paul given a thorn in the flesh? (v. 7).
4. For what did Paul plead with the Lord three times?
5. What was the Lord's answer to Paul?
6. According to v. 9, why did Paul boast in his infirmities?
7. How could Paul "take pleasure" in infirmities, reproaches, needs, etc.?
8. Why should these brethren have never doubted Paul's apostleship? (v. 12).
9. What is meant in v. 14 when Paul says, "I will not be burdensome to you"?
10. What will Paul "very gladly" do for these brethren?
11. According to v. 19, what was the motive behind all that Paul and his companions did?
12. What is Paul afraid he's going to find when he gets to Corinth?

2 Corinthians 13

1. How is “every word ... established”?
2. According to v. 2, when Paul comes again, what will he *not* do?
3. What did these brethren seek from Paul?
4. How was both “weakness” and “power” seen in Christ?
5. What command is given in v. 5?
6. According to v. 7, for what does Paul “pray to God”?
7. According to v. 9, for what else does he pray?
8. In v. 9, how are the words “weak” and “strong” used?
9. According to v. 10, for what reason had Paul been given authority?
10. List the different commands given in v. 11.