

## Lesson 1

### Galatians 1: The Source of Paul's Gospel

1. From whom did Paul receive his apostleship?
2. To whom does Paul address the book of Galatians?
3. What did Jesus do for us, according to vv. 3-4?
4. What had the Galatians begun to do that amazed Paul?
5. What would be the fate of anyone who preached a different gospel from the one originally preached by Paul and Barnabas?
6. Paul sought to please \_\_\_\_\_, not \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Where did Paul obtain the gospel which he preached?
8. How had Paul treated the church before his conversion?
9. After being called of God, Paul did not consult (confer) with \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, nor did he go up to Jerusalem to confer with the \_\_\_\_\_.
10. How long was it after his conversion before Paul went to Jerusalem?
11. How did the churches of Judea react to the news that Paul was now a preacher and not a persecutor?

## Lesson 2

### Galatians 2: A Defense of Liberty

1. How many trips to Jerusalem does Paul mention in Gal. 1 and 2?
2. With whom did Paul speak privately while at Jerusalem?
3. Was Titus compelled to be circumcised? Compare his case with Timothy's in Acts 16:1-3.
4. What did some false brethren try to do?
5. Paul's chief area of labor was with the \_\_\_\_\_, while Peter's preaching was primarily to the \_\_\_\_\_.
6. What did James, Cephas and John extend to Paul and Barnabas?
7. What closing exhortation did these 3 men give to Paul and Barnabas?
8. What sin did Peter commit while at Antioch?
9. How did Paul deal with Peter's hypocrisy?
10. A man is not justified by the \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_, but by \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_.
11. "It is no longer I who \_\_\_\_\_ but \_\_\_\_\_ lives in me."
12. Paul's life in the flesh was lived by what?
13. What would make the death of Christ a vain or unnecessary thing?

## Lesson 3

### Galatians 3: Faith in Christ Jesus

1. What term does Paul use to describe the Galatians in 3:1?
2. By what had they received the Spirit?
3. What man is used to prove Paul's point about justification by faith and not the law?
4. How can one show himself to be a son of Abraham?
5. Why are those living by the Law of Moses under a curse?
6. Where in the O.T. is the phrase "the just shall live by faith" found?
7. How did Christ redeem men from the curse of the law?
8. Who is referred to as the "Seed of Abraham"?
9. Was Abraham living under the Law of Moses when the promise was made to him?
10. Why was the law added?
11. The \_\_\_\_\_ has confined (concluded) all under \_\_\_\_\_.
12. The law was intended to bring men to whom?
13. How does one become a son of God?
14. How does one put on Christ?
15. You are all \_\_\_\_\_ in Christ Jesus.
16. How does one become an heir to the promises made to Abraham?

## Lesson 4

### Galatians 4: Sons of God

1. When did God send forth His Son?
2. Jesus was sent to redeem those under the law that they might receive what?
3. What does the word “Abba” mean?
4. Paul accused the Galatians of desiring to be in bondage to what?
5. Paul was afraid his labor might be in vain, because the Galatians were observing what?
6. Through \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ Paul had preached to the Galatians the first time.
7. To show their love for Paul, the Galatians would once have done what, if it had been possible?
8. What did Paul fear was turning him into an enemy of the Galatians?
9. “I labor in birth again until \_\_\_\_\_ is formed in you.”
10. To what are Hagar and Ishmael compared?
11. To what are Sarah and Isaac compared?
12. Christians, like Isaac, are children of \_\_\_\_\_.
13. How did Ishmael treat Isaac in the days of old?
14. What did Sarah urge Abraham to do with the bondwoman and her son?
15. We are not children of the \_\_\_\_\_ but of the \_\_\_\_\_.

## Lesson 5

### Galatians 5: Walking in the Spirit

1. Paul exhorted the Galatians to stand fast in what?
2. Paul described the Law of Moses as a yoke of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Paul gives three consequences of seeking to be justified by Mosaic ordinances such as circumcision:

Christ will profit you \_\_\_\_\_.

One becomes a \_\_\_\_\_ to keep the whole \_\_\_\_\_.

One has fallen from \_\_\_\_\_.

4. If circumcision does not matter, then what is important in Christ?
5. What is a little leaven capable of doing? (See also 1 Cor. 5:6-7)
6. Paul maintained that if he preached \_\_\_\_\_ he would not suffer persecution, for the \_\_\_\_\_ of the cross (to the Jews) would cease.
7. Liberty in Christ must not be used as an opportunity (occasion) to what?
8. In what is all the law fulfilled?
9. What can happen to those who bite and devour one another?
10. What about the word "Spirit" in v. 17? Is it talking about man's spirit or the Holy Spirit?
11. If one walks in the Spirit he will not fulfill what?
12. List the works of the flesh and give a brief definition of each.
13. List the fruit of the spirit and briefly define each term used.
14. Those who are Christ's have crucified what?

## Lesson 6

### Galatians 6: Let Us Do Good

1. What should spiritual people do when they see a brother overtaken by sin?
2. In what spirit should this be done?
3. To fulfill the law of Christ we must bear what?
4. What should one taught in the word do with (or to) the one teaching?
5. Do not be \_\_\_\_\_, God is not \_\_\_\_\_.
6. What will we reap if we sow to the flesh?
7. We should not grow weary in what?
8. As opportunity presents itself we should do good unto whom?
9. The false teachers who sought to impose circumcision were hoping to avoid what?
10. In what did Paul glory?
11. Neither circumcision nor uncircumcision avails anything, but a new \_\_\_\_\_.
12. Upon whom did Paul wish peace and mercy?
13. What did Paul claim to bear in his body?

## Lesson 7

# Ephesians 1

1. To whom is this epistle addressed?
2. For what reason is God the Father “blessed” in v. 3?
3. According to v. 4, those chosen in Christ must have what kind of character?
4. What word is used in v. 5 to describe how we become sons of God?
5. Where can we enjoy “every spiritual blessing”?
6. Using vv. 7-11, name some spiritual blessings.
7. With what are believers “sealed”?
8. What purpose does this sealing serve?
9. This wonderful plan of redemption should bring what to God? (see vv. 6, 12, 14). What did Paul do when he heard of their faith and love?
10. What did Paul ask that God give them? (v. 17).
11. What three things did they need to “know”? (vv. 18-19).
12. What example is given of God’s great power?
13. Where does Christ stand in relation to all other authority and power?
14. What is Christ’s position in relation to the church?
15. How many times in chapter 1 do you find the phrases “in Him”; “in Christ”; “in Christ Jesus”; “in the Beloved”?

## Lesson 8

### Ephesians 2

1. In what way had these brethren been dead?
2. How did they once walk and conduct themselves?
3. What three things did God do, according to vv. 4-6?
4. What was His aim in doing these things? (v. 7).
5. In what manner had they been saved?
6. Was this salvation of their own doing? Did they have to do anything to receive this salvation?
7. For what purpose were we “created in Christ Jesus”?
8. These verses tell of God making alive and raising us up. When does this take place? Romans 6:3-11; Colossians 2:11-13.
9. If salvation is “not of works,” then what place do works have?
10. What was the former condition of these Gentiles? (2:12).
11. What had the blood of Christ done for them, according to v. 13?
12. What is meant by the “middle wall of separation” (v. 14)? What was it that brought this wall down?
13. What do “we both have,” according to v. 18?
14. What different terms are used in this passage for the church? (see especially vv. 16, 19, 21).
15. Contrast their former condition with their present condition, according to v. 19?
16. The household of God is built on what foundation? Who is the chief cornerstone?
17. The “holy temple” spoken of in v. 21 was designed to be a dwelling place for whom?

## Lesson 9

### Ephesians 3

1. Define the word “dispensation,” found in v. 2. (Some translations may have the word “stewardship.”)
2. How could these brethren learn what had been revealed to Paul?
3. According to v. 5, how was the mystery of Christ made known?
4. What did the mystery of Christ reveal about the Gentiles?
5. How did Paul describe himself in relation to other saints?
6. What did Paul preach, according to v. 8?
7. What does God intend to be made known by the church?
8. What do we have in Christ, according to v. 12?
9. What does Paul ask that God grant these brethren?
10. What is God able to do, according to v. 20?

## Lesson 10

### Ephesians 4:1-16

1. Christians should walk worthy of what?
2. What attitudes are necessary for keeping the unity of the Spirit? (v. 2).
3. List the seven “ones” found in vv. 4-6.
4. Verse 8 quotes from Psalms 68:18 and says that the Lord “gave gifts to men.” What are these gifts?
5. According to v. 12, *why* did the Lord give “some to be apostles, some prophets, some evangelists, and some pastors and teachers”?
6. What are the Lord’s goals for us? (v. 13).
7. In what way should we “no longer be children”?
8. The truth should be spoken in \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Pastors, evangelists, deacons, teachers—are they the only ones who have work to do?
10. What is it that “causes growth of the body”?

## Lesson 11

### Ephesians 4:17-5:2

1. List the different phrases used to describe the walk of the “rest of the Gentiles.”
2. These brethren had been taught by whom?
3. How is the old man described? (4:22).
4. How is the new man described? (4:24).
5. Where must we be renewed?
6. Instead of lying, we should do what?
7. Instead of stealing, we should do what?
8. Instead of speaking corrupt words, we should speak what kind of words?
9. What kind of attitudes should replace bitterness, wrath, anger, etc.?
10. Whom should we imitate? (5:1-2).

## Lesson 12

### Ephesians 5:3-33

1. What should “not even be named” among saints?
2. According to 5:4, instead of using our tongues for filthiness, foolish talking, and coarse jesting, we should use them for what?
3. Paul begins 5:6 with “let no one deceive you.” About what?
4. In what manner should we walk? (5:8).
5. What is our responsibility toward the “unfruitful works of darkness”?
6. What does it mean to “walk circumspectly”? (5:15).
7. What is meant by “redeeming the time”? (5:16).
8. Can we understand what the will of the Lord is?
9. Instead of being drunk or filled with wine, we should we be filled with what? How can that be accomplished?
10. What actions can we expect from those who are filled with the Spirit? (5:19-21).
11. What is the relation of the husband to the wife? What responsibility, then, does the wife have to her husband?
12. What is the relation of Christ to the church? What responsibility, then does the church have to Christ?
13. In what manner should husbands love their wives?
14. What does a man do for his own flesh or body? (5:29). How is this applied to the treatment of his wife?
15. What does the Lord do for the church, according to 5:29?
16. Define the word “cherish.”
17. This section concludes with admonitions given to the husband and wife. What are they?

## Lesson 13

# Ephesians 6

1. What responsibilities do children have to their parents?
2. Fathers should not do what to their children? In what manner should they bring their children up?
3. What encouragement is given to servants to continue doing good? (6:8).
4. What should masters keep in mind in their treatment of servants?
5. What will enable us to stand against the wiles of the devil?
6. Against whom do we wrestle?
7. List the different pieces of armor we should put on.
8. In addition to putting on this armor, what should we be doing “always”? (6:18).
9. What does Paul ask them to pray for on his behalf?
10. For what purpose was Paul sending Tychicus?